**Gradle dependency for extent report**

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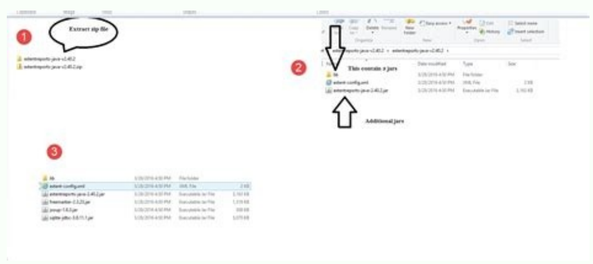
**DOING A CLEAN BUILD WITH TESTS (DOWNLOAD DEPENDENCIES)**

| | maven | gradle | ivy |
|---|---|---|---|
| Command | rm -rf ~/.m2/repository && time mvn clean package | rm -rf ~/.m2/repository && rm -rf ~/.gradle/caches/ && time gradle clean build --daemon | rm -rf ~/.ivy2/cache/ && time ant clean war test |
| Time - Run 1 *(seconds)* | 41.393 | 35.412 | 136 |
| Time - Run 2 *(seconds)* | 37.418 | 33.402 | 133 |
| Time - Run 3 *(seconds)* | 36.797 | 30.548 | 137 |
| Time - Run 4 *(seconds)* | 42.656 | 30.336 | 141 |
| Time - Run 5 *(seconds)* | 39.637 | 35.369 | 129 |
| **Average (min /max omitted)** | 39.483 | 33.106 | 135.333 |


All Downloads are FREE. Search and download functionalities are using the official Maven repository. You can’t perform that action at this time. You signed in with another tab or window. Reload to refresh your session. You signed out in another tab or window. Reload to refresh your session. The Project report plugin adds some tasks to your project which generate reports containing useful information about your build. These tasks generate the same content that you get by executing the tasks, dependencies, and properties tasks from the command line (see Command-line project reporting). In contrast to the command line reports, the report plugin generates the reports into a file. There is also an aggregating task that depends on all report tasks added by the plugin. We plan to add much more to the existing reports and create additional ones in future releases of Gradle. To use the Project report plugin, include the following in your build script: plugins { id 'project-report' } The project report plugin defines the following tasks: dependencyReport — DependencyReportTask Generates the project dependency report. htmlDependencyReport — HtmlDependencyReportTask Generates an HTML dependency and dependency insight report for the project or a set of projects. propertyReport — PropertyReportTask Generates the project property report. taskReport — TaskReportTask Generates the project task report. projectReport — Task Depends on: dependencyReport, propertyReport, taskReport, htmlDependencyReport Generates all project reports. The project report plugin does not require any particular project layout. The project report plugin does not define any dependency configurations. The project report defines the following convention properties: projects — Set The projects to generate the reports for. Default value: A one element set with the project the plugin was applied to. projectReportDirName — String The name of the directory to generate the project report into, relative to the reports directory. Default value: "project". projectReportDir — File (read-only) The directory to generate the project report into. Default value: reportsDir/projectReportDirName. reportsDirName — String The name of the directory to generate the project report into, relative to the reports directory. Default value: "reports". reportsDir — File (read-only) The directory to generate the project reports into. Default value: buildDir/reportsDirName. Configuring the project report tasks via the plugin's convention properties is **deprecated**. If you need to change from the default values, configure the appropriate tasks directly. If you want to configure all report tasks of the same type in the project, use link: {javadocPath}/org/gradle/api/DomainObjectCollection.html#withType-java.lang.Class-[tasks.withType(...).configureEach(...)] (where the type can be `HtmlDependencyReportTask` for example). ExtentReports is an logger-style reporting library for automated tests. A logger is simply an object to log messages or events for a specific system or application. ExtentReports uses the logging style to add information about test sessions, such as creation of tests, adding screenshots, assigning tags, and adding events or series of steps to sequentially indicate the flow of test steps. Community vs Pro Editions Unlike version 4 and below, ExtentReports 5 is built on an open-Core. That means, both community and professional editions use the same, full-featured API with the exception of a few reporters. To see which reporters are available in your edition, visit this page. In this documentation website, reporters available only to the professional edition only are marked pro Migrating from previous versions This document assume you are upgrading from ExtentReports 4.0 or later. The upgrade path from versions 3.0 and earlier requires taking into account many additional changes to the underlying API. Such changes are not described here and in this situation, the recommended approach is to refer to this guide for usage instructions. Breaking Changes If you are upgrading from version 4, the upgrade path is quite straight-forward. This document details all the breaking changes on a version 4.0 to 5.0 upgrade path. If you encounter any change other than the ones listed here, please file an issue here. The ExtentHtmlReporter and ExtentLoggerReporter were deprecated in series 4.1.x and have been removed in version 5. The replacement is ExtentSparkReporter, which is comprehensive, ports all features along with a host of new ones. ExtentReports::getStartedReporters has been removed. It is no longer possible to obtain a list of started reporters via the API. ExtentReports::detachReporter has been removed. It is no longer possible to have been subscribed. ExtentReports:setTestRunnerOutput renamed to addTestRunnerOutput. This change was made to add clarity to what this method did behind the scenes, which is adding output from test runners instead of setting it only once. Status::ERROR, Status::FATAL, Status::DEBUG have been removed to be inline with the major Java test-frameworks (JUnit and TestNG). The following are the current options: Info Pass Warning Skip Fail Reporter::enableTimeline renamed to Reporter::setTimelineEnabled. Installation: Community ExtentReports can be used with classic Java setup, just like any standard Java library. Although you can copy the ExtentReports jars, the recommended way is to use dependency management tools such as Maven or Gradle (below). The only requirement is you need Java SDK v1.8 or higher. Before you begin, you should check the version of installed JDK using the following command: $ java -version Note: The package com.relevantcodes was used upto version 2. com.aventstack is the package for Versions 3+. Maven com.aventstack extentreports ${version} Gradle dependencies { compile "com.aventstack:extentreports:${version}" } GitHub extentreports-java Installation: Professional Once you have completed the steps above in Installation: Community, follow the instructions included as outlined in ExtentReportsSetup.pdf available over your FTP. Maven com.aventstack extentreports ${version} com.aventstack extentreports-pro ${version} Gradle dependencies { compile "com.aventstack:extentreports:${version}", compile "com.aventstack:extentreports-pro:${version}" } Reporters Extent allows creation of tests, nodes, events and assignment of tags, devices, authors, environment values etc. This information can be printed to multiple destinations. In our context, a reporter defines the destination. You can use one or more reporters to create different types of reports. reporters are available for BDD, non-BDD and both - choose one of the reporters from the navigation menu at the top of this page to learn more. ExtentSparkReporter ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("Spark.html"); ExtentAventReporter pro ExtentAventReporter avent = new ExtentAventReporter("Avent.html"); ExtentEmailReporter pro ExtentEmailReporter email = new ExtentEmailReporter("Email.html"); ExtentKlovReporter ExtentKlovReporter klov = new ExtentKlovReporter("ProjectName") .initWithDefaultSettings(); Usage ExtentReports is an logger-style reporting library for automated tests. A logger is simply an object to log messages or events for a specific system or application. ExtentReports uses the logging style to add information about test sessions, such as creation of tests, adding screenshots, assigning tags, and adding events or series of steps to sequentially indicate the flow of test steps. All methods on ExtentReports are multi-thread safe. The recommended usage is to maintain a single instance of ExtentReports object for your test session. ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); For brevity, wherever extent is mentioned, it would indicate an instance of ExtentReports. Below is how a test would be created with 1 passing log. extent.createTest("MyFirstTest") .log(Status.Pass, "This is a logging event for MyFirstTest, and it passed!"); extent.flush(); The line extent.flush() instructs ExtentReports write the test information to a destination. However, the examples above are incomplete as we need to define a destination where they will be saved. Reporters (next section) define the destination. Reporters The information you create during your runs can be forwarded to a variety of destinations including files, database or stored in memory to be used at a later point in time. ExtentReports uses the Observer pattern making all reporters observers that are known by ExtentReports. Below, an instance of ExtentSparkReporter (the Observer) is attached to ExtentReports (the Subject), which notifies ExtentSparkReporter of any changes in state such as creation of tests, adding logs etc. ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("target/Spark.html"); extent.attachReporter(spark); extent.createTest("MyFirstTest") .log(Status.PASS, "This is a logging event for MyFirstTest, and it passed!"); extent.flush(); Running the above code would produce the file Spark.html in the target folder of your project root. Multiple Reporters You can attach multiple reporters and output the same information to each: ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("target/Spark.html"); ExtentKlovReporter klov = new ExtentKlovReporter("MyProject") .initWithDefaultSettings(); extent.attachReporter(spark, klov); extent.createTest("MyFirstTest") .log(Status.PASS, "This is a logging event for MyFirstTest, and it passed!"); extent.flush(); If you are using any of the pro reporters, simply replace them with SparkReporter: ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); ExtentAventReporter avent = new ExtentAventReporter("target/avent.html"); ExtentEmailReporter email = new ExtentEmailReporter("target/email.html"); extent.attachReporter(avent, email); Filters It is possible to create separate reports for each status (or a group of them). For example, 2 reports can be created per run session to: view all tests view only failed ones The example below shows ExtentReports attaching 2 instances of ExtentSparkReporter: one adding all tests and the other only failed. // will only contain failures ExtentSparkReporter sparkFail = new ExtentSparkReporter("target/SparkFail.html") .filter() .statusFilter() .as(new Status[] { Status.FAIL }) .apply(); // will contain all tests ExtentSparkReporter sparkAll = new ExtentSparkReporter("spark/SparkAll.html"); extent.attachReporter(sparkFail, sparkAll); View Order It is also possible to select the views and their order. The example below will limit the views to only 2: Dashboard and Test. It will also make Dashboard as the primary view of the report. Only Avent and Spark reporters support this configuration. ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("spark/spark.html") .viewConfigurer() .viewOrder() .as(new ViewName[] { ViewName.DASHBOARD, ViewName.TEST }) .apply(); The default setting is to display all views in this order: Test (default: primary) Category Device Author Exception Dashboard Log If you intend to change the view order to a view other than Test as the primary, while maintaining presence of all others, use: ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("spark/spark.html") .viewConfigurer() .viewOrder() .as(new ViewName[] { ViewName.DASHBOARD, ViewName.TEST, ViewName.TAG, ViewName.AUTHOR, ViewName.DEVICE, ViewName.EXCEPTION, ViewName.LOG }) .apply(); Create Tests Tests are created using ExtentReports::createTest. The createTest method returns a ExtentTest object which can be used to publish logs, create nodes, assign attributes (tags, devices, authors) or attach screenshots. ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest"); test.pass("Pass"); // fluent ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest").pass("Pass"); Nodes ExtentReports creates the test and returns an ExtentTest object, which can create nodes using createNode. Depending on the output and reporter type, this method creates a subsection within the test, generally as a box or toggle. ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest"); ExtentTest node = test.createNode("Node"); node.pass("Pass"); // fluent ExtentTest node = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest") .createNode("Node") .pass("Pass"); BDD ExtentReports support Gherkin-style reports using the same nested structure as shown in the previous section using createNode. The BDD hierarchy can be created using Gherkin classes provided by the ExtentReports library: ExtentTest feature = extent.createTest(Feature.class, "Refund item"); ExtentTest scenario = feature.createNode(Scenario.class, "Jeff returns a faulty microwave"); scenario.createNode(Given.class, "Jeff has bought a microwave for $100").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(And.class, "he has a receipt").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(When.class, "he returns the microwave").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(Then.class, "Jeff should be refunded $100").fail("fail"); The above can also be written without specifying the BDD class by passing the keyword: ExtentTest feature = extent.createTest(new GherkinKeyword("Feature"), "Refund item"); ExtentTest scenario = feature.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("Scenario"), "Jeff returns a faulty microwave"); scenario.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("Given"), "Jeff has bought a microwave for $100").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("And"), "he has a receipt").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("When"), "he returns the microwave").pass("pass"); scenario.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("Then"), "Jeff should be refunded $100").fail("fail"); Gherkin Dialect To specify the dialect of your Gherkin keywords, use setGherkinDialect. This method is helpful if you are using Gherkin keywords not supported out-of-box by ExtentReports, but are supported with Gherkin. extent.setGherkinDialect("de"); ExtentTest feature = extent.createTest(new GherkinKeyword("Funktionalität"), "Refund item VM"); ExtentTest scenario = feature.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("Szenario"), "Jeff returns a faulty microwave"); ExtentTest given = scenario.createNode(new GherkinKeyword("Angenommen"), "Jeff has bought a microwave for $100").skip("skip"); Using removeTest completely deletes the test from the run session. Note: this method will also remove all information associated with the test, including logs, screenshots, children (nodes), tags etc. ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("Test").fail("reason"); extent.removeTest(test); // or remove using test name extent.removeTest("Test"); ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("Test"); ExtentTest node = test.createNode("Node").fail("reason"); extent.removeTest(node); // or remove using test name extent.removeTest("node"); Logging It is possible to create log with text details, Exception/Throwable, ScreenCapture or custom Markup using MarkupHelper. Details ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest"); test.pass("Text details"); test.log(Status.PASS, "Text details"); Exceptions Throwable t = new RuntimeException("A runtime exception"); ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest"); test.fail(t); test.log(Status.FAIL, t); Screenshots ExtentTest test = extent.createTest("MyFirstTest"); // reference image saved to disk test.fail(MediaEntityBuilder.createScreenCaptureFromPath("img.png").build()); // base64 test.fail(MediaEntityBuilder.createScreenCaptureFromBase64String("base64").build()); Markup More information on this topic can be found in the Markup System section. String json = "{'foo' : 'bar', 'foos' : ['b','a','r'], 'bar' : {'foo':'bar', 'bar':false,'foobar':1234}}"; test.info(MarkupHelper.createCodeBlock(json, CodeLanguage.JSON)); Attributes/Tagging You can assign tags or categories to tests using assignCategory. test.assignCategory("tag"); test.assignCategory("tag-1", "tag-2", ..); // usage extent.createTest("Test").assignCategory("tag-1").pass("details"); Assigning tags enables the Tag view in BasicFileReporter reporters. Assign Devices You can assign devices to tests using assignDevice. test.assignDevice("device-name"); test.assignDevice("device-1", "device-2", ..); // usage extent.createTest("Test").assignDevice("device-name").pass("details"); You can assign categories to tests using assignAuthor. test.assignAuthor("author"); test.assignAuthor("author-1", "author-2", ..); // usage extent.createTest("MyFirstTest").assignAuthor("aventstack").pass("details"); It is possible to add system or environment info for your using using the setSystemInfo method. This automatically adds system information to all started reporters. extent.setSystemInfo("os", "macos"); Custom Logs You can create your own custom logs, tables with custom headers, pass your objects directly to be converted into a table etc. You can also specify any CSS classes to be applied on the table, like in the below example with "table-sm" (a bootstrap table class). public class MyCustomLog { private List names = Arrays.asList("Anshoo", "Extent", "Klov"); private Object[] favStack = new Object[]{"Java", "C#", "Angular"}; @MarkupIgnore private List ignored = Arrays.asList("Ignored", "Ignored", "Ignored"); private Map items = new HashMap() { { put("Item1", "Value1"); put("Item2", "Value2"); put("Item3", "Value3"); } }; } extent.createTest("GeneratedLog") .generateLog(Status.PASS, MarkupHelper.toTable(new MyCustomLog(), "table-sm")); Combine Multiple Reports Starting version 5, a JsonFormatter is available, which uses a JSON representation of the run session to create the internal entities and combine results from multiple build sessions into one. The method createDomainFromJsonArchive is responsible for using the JSON extract to recreate entities. ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("spark.html"); JsonFormatter json = new JsonFormatter("extent.json"); ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); extent.createDomainFromJsonArchive("extent.json"); extent.attachReporter(json, spark); In the above example, a JsonFormatter is created which saves the complete entity information as a JSON file to ./extent.json. The 1st time createDomainFromJsonArchive is called, no actions are performed because the file is empty. 2nd time onwards, whenever this method is called, it will read the entities and rebuild them. The method createDomainFromJsonArchive must be called before extent.attachReporter(). Markup System Version 5 improves upon the markup system introduced in version 4. Table and Codeblocks are vastly enhanced and List is a newly added element starting 5.0.0. Table Tables can be created from String[][] or a custom object (as shown below). public class MyCustomLog { private List names = Arrays.asList("Anshoo", "Extent", "Klov"); private Object[] favStack = new Object[]{"Java", "C#", "Angular"}; @MarkupIgnore private List ignored = Arrays.asList("Anshoo/Ignore", "Extent/Ignore", "Klov/Ignore"); private Map items = new HashMap() { { put("Item1", "Value1"); put("Item2", "Value2"); put("Item3", "Value3"); } }; } // create table as a custom log extent.createTest("GeneratedLog") .generateLog(Status.FAIL, MarkupHelper.toTable(new MyCustomLog(), "table-sm")); // or as a predefined one: extent.createTest("Log") .fail(MarkupHelper.toTable(new MyCustomLog(), "table-sm")); CodeBlock CodeBlocks are helpful if you intend to display pre-formatted code. XML String code = "" + " " + " Joe Doe" + " 2007-01-01" + " 2009-01-01" + " London" + " " + ""; Markup m = MarkupHelper.createCodeBlock(code); test.info(m); JSON String json = "{'foo' : 'bar', 'foos' : ['b','a','r'], 'bar' : {'foo':'bar', 'bar':false,'foobar':1234}}"; test.pass(MarkupHelper.createCodeBlock(json, CodeLanguage.JSON)); Multiple CodeBlocks It is possible to include upto 4 code-blocks horizontally. Considering an example of a REST API test where you have a request/response, they can both be logged in a single line. String code = "" + " " + " Joe Doe" + " 2007-01-01" + " 2009-01-01" + " London" + " " + ""; Markup m = MarkupHelper.createCodeBlock(code, code); // or: Markup m = MarkupHelper.createCodeBlocks(new String[] { code, code }); List Use MarkupHelper::createOrderedList or MarkupHelper::createUnorderedList to display information as ordered or unordered list. Ordered List items = Arrays.asList(new Object[] { "Item1", "Item2", "Item3" }); extent.createTest("Test").info(MarkupHelper.createOrderedList(items)); Unordered Map items = new HashMap() {{ put("Item1", "Value1"); put("Item2", "Value2"); put("Item3", "Value3"); }}; extent.createTest("Test").info(MarkupHelper.createUnorderedList(items).getMarkup()); Label A small labeling component. test.info(MarkupHelper.createLabel("Extent", ExtentColor.BLUE)); A Complete Example This document shows a complete example of some of the different approaches you can use to present information. The example is also available online here. import com.aventstack.extentreports.markuputils.MarkupHelper; import com.aventstack.extentreports.reporter.ExtentSparkReporter; public class Main { private static final String CODE1 = "{ \"theme\": \"standard\", \"encoding\": \"utf-8}"; private static final String CODE2 = "{ \"protocol\": \"HTTPS\", \"timelineEnabled\": false}"; public static void main(String[] args) throws ClassNotFoundException { ExtentReports extent = new ExtentReports(); ExtentSparkReporter spark = new ExtentSparkReporter("target/Spark/Spark.html"); extent.attachReporter(spark); extent.createTest("ScreenCapture") .addScreenCaptureFromPath("extent.png") .pass(MediaEntityBuilder.createScreenCaptureFromPath("extent.png").build()); extent.createTest("LogLevels") .info("info") .pass("pass") .warning("warn") .skip("skip") .fail("fail"); extent.createTest("CodeBlock").generateLog( Status.PASS, MarkupHelper.createCodeBlock(CODE1, CODE2)); extent.createTest("ParentWithChild") .createNode("Child") .pass("This test is created as a toggle as part of a child test of 'ParentWithChild'"); extent.createTest("Tags") .assignCategory("MyTag") .pass("The test 'Tags' was assigned by the tag MyTag"); extent.createTest("Authors") .assignAuthor("TheAuthor") .pass("This test 'Authors' was assigned by a special kind of author tag."); extent.createTest("Devices") .assignDevice("TheDevice") .pass("This test 'Devices' was assigned by a special kind of devices tag.");

extent.createTest("Exception! ") .fail(new RuntimeException("A runtime exception occurred!")); extent.flush(); } }

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